Northern Territory of Australia

Medicines, Poisons and Therapeutic Goods Act 2012

Alice Springs Hospital Emergency Department SSTPs Approval

I, Christine Maree Connors, Chief Health Officer:

- (a) under section 254(1) of the Act, approve each Scheduled substance treatment protocol specified in Schedule A;
- (b) under section 254(3) of the Act, state that each Schedule substance treatment protocol specified in Schedule A remains in effect for a period of 2 years on and from the date of this instrument.

Dated 28 March 2025

EDOC2025/79578

Chief Health Officer

Schedule A

Title	Publication Date	Author
Metoclopramide for Nausea	19 March 2025	Alice Springs Hospital
and/or Vomiting Alice		Emergency Department,
Springs Emergency		Northern Territory
Department SSTP		Government, Department of
		Health
Oxybuprocaine	19 March 2025	Alice Springs Hospital
Hydrochloride Eye Drops for		Emergency Department,
Pain to Eyes Alice Springs		Northern Territory
Hospital Emergency		Government, Department of
Department SSTP		Health
Paracetamol 500mg and	19 March 2025	Alice Springs Hospital
Codeine 30 mg Tablet ASH		Emergency Department,
ED SSTP		Northern Territory
		Government, Department of
		Health
Salbutamol 5mg Nebules for	19 March 2025	Alice Springs Hospital
Asthma/Chronic Obstructive		Emergency Department,
Pulmonary Disease Alice		Northern Territory
Springs Hospital Emergency		Government, Department of
Department SSTP		Health

Scheduled Substance Treatment Protocol (SSTP)

Metoclopramide for Nausea and/or Vomiting Alice Springs Emergency Department SSTP

Areas Applicable	Alice Springs Hospital ("ASH") Emergency Department		
Health Professionals authorised by this SSTP	A registered nurse who has a minimum of 12 months experience as a registered nurse, which includes a minimum of 6 months experience in an Emergency Department AND has documented completion of the required education package and demonstrated competency		
Scheduled Substance(s)	Metoclopramide 5mg/mL (2mL) ampoule Metoclopramide 10mg tablet		
Indication	Patients more than 20 years old that present to the ASH Emergency Department with nausea and/or vomiting		
Contraindications and/or Exclusions [*]	 Patients less than 20 years old Elderly greater than 75years old Severe renal impairment (CrCl <10mL/minutes) Phaeochromocytoma Parkinson's Disease Weighing less than 60kg - seek doctor for dosing 		
Use in Pregnancy	ADEC category A (Safe to use) Breast Feeding – Safe to use		
Dose and Route [*]	10mg (2mL) intravenous (IV) undiluted, <u>OR</u> 10mg (2mL) intramuscular (IM), <u>OR</u> 10mg tablet orally		
Administration	IV bolus to be given slowly over 3 minutes to minimise transient agitation and restlessness, <u>OR</u> IM injection into a large muscle, <u>OR</u> oral tablet		
Dose Frequency [*]	Single dose		
Drug Interactions [*]	Suxamethonium – Metoclopramide may reduce the metabolism of suxamethonium and increase neuromuscular blockade and respiratory insufficiency		
	Dopamine agonists (Apomorphine, pramipexole, ropinirole, rotigotine, bromocriptine and cabergoline) – Metoclopramide will reduce the efficacy of dopamine agonists.		
Monitoring requirements [*]	The patient must be reviewed 20 minutes after administration and efficacy of medication documented in the patient notes.		
	Monitor for adverse reactions		
	Notify Medical Officer if vomiting persists		



Health Professional Accreditation Requirements	A registered nurse who has a minimum of 12 months experience as a registered nurse, which includes a minimum of 6 months experience in an Emergency Department AND has documented documented completion of the Alice Springs Emergency Department Scheduled Substance Treatment Protocol authorisation education and training package and demonstrated competency.			
Documentation (including necessary information to the patient)	 The administration must be documented on the medication section of the Emergency Department record. It must be documented in the patient's notes "Metoclopramide 10mg IV/IM/PO has been given as per SSTP" 			
Related Documents	ASH ED: Schedule Substance Treatment Protocols Medication Management CA and Barkly Region Procedure.DOCX			
Chief Health Officer	Signature Name Date			
	EDOC2025/79578	Adj Prof Christine Connors	28/03/2025	
Period of effect	This SSTP remains in force until 28/03/2027 unless revoked earlier			
References: Australian Medicines Handbook July 2024				

Oxybuprocaine Hydrochloride Eye Drops for Pain to Eyes Alice Springs Hospital Emergency Department SSTP

Areas Applicable	Alice Springs Hospital ("ASH") Emergency Department		
Health Professionals authorised by this SSTP	A registered nurse who has a minimum of 12 months experience as a registered nurse, which includes a minimum of 6 months experience in an Emergency Department AND has documented completion of the required education package and demonstrated competency.		
Scheduled Substance(s)	Oxybuprocaine hydrochloride 0.4% MINIMS [®] (single use, preservative-free)		
Indication	This protocol applies to patients who attend the ASH Emergency Department with severe pain to eyes relating to non-penetrative trauma		
Contraindications and/or Exclusions [*]	 Patients already seen by a medical officer Penetrating eye injuries Eye infection Known allergy to the drug or any other local anaesthetic 		
Use In Pregnancy	ADEC Category A (safe to use)		
Dose and Route [*]	Topical – 1 drop into the affected eye(s)		
Administration	Topical – 1 drop. (Advise patient of possible stinging sensation upon administration)		
Dose Frequency*	Single dose		
Drug Interactions [*]	N/A		
Monitoring requirements [*]	 Cover the eye to protect from dust and scratching Advise patient not to scratch the eye Patient should be seen by doctor even if the analgesia is effective If pain persists post analgesia, notify Medical Officer Monitor for adverse reactions - Notify Medical Officer immediately if any signs of reaction or hypersensitivity occurs 		
Health Professional Accreditation Requirements	A registered nurse who has a minimum of 12 months experience as a registered nurse, which includes a minimum of 6 months experience in an Emergency Department AND has documented completion of the Alice Springs Emergency Department Scheduled Substance Treatment Protocol authorisation education and training package and demonstrated competency.		



Documentation (including necessary	1. The administration must be documented on the medication section of the Emergency Department record.			
information to the patient)	 It must be documented in the patient's notes "Oxybuprocaine hydrochloride 0.4% eye drops administered as per SSTP" 			
Related Documents	ASH ED: Schedule Substance Treatment Protocols Medication Management CA and Barkly Region Procedure.DOCX			
Chief Health Officer	Signature Name Date			
	EDOC2025/79575	Adj Prof Christine Connors	28/03/2025	
	This SSTP remains in effect until 28/03/2027 unless revoked earlier			
Period of effect	This SSTP remains in effect	ct until 28/03/2027 unless	revoked earlier	

References: Australian Medicines Handbook July 2024
* The drug information provided is to act as a guide to outline the line

Scheduled Substance Treatment Protocol (SSTP)

Paracetame ED SSTP	ol 500mg a	nd Codeine 30 m	g Tabl	et ASH
Areas Applicable	Alice Springs Hospital ("ASH") Emergency Department			
Health Professionals authorised by this SSTP	nurse, which includ	who has a minimum of 12 months es a minimum of 6 months experie has documented completion of the competency	ence in an Er	mergency
Scheduled Substance(s)	Paracetamol 500mg	g and Codeine 30mg tablet		
Indication	This protocol applies to patients who present to the ASH Emergency Department in moderate acute pain, requiring stronger analgesia than paracetamol, yet not requiring strong opioids. Pain should be assessed using the pain score card and level of distress			
Contraindications and/or Exclusions [*]	 level of distress Patients already seen by a medical officer Patient less than 12 years old Patients less than 30kg Allergies or sensitivities to paracetamol or codeine Patients with an altered level of consciousness (GCS less than 15) Hypotension Respiratory Rate less than 10 breaths per minute Patients who have received paracetamol in the last 4 hours, or a total of 8 tablets containing paracetamol (or 6 of slow-release paracetamol tablets) in the past 24 hours. Patients exhibiting drug seeking behaviour (refer to medical officer) Patients who are already on a documented management plan for pain Patients presenting with possible ischaemic chest pain History of chronic liver disease or severe/end stage renal failure Abdominal pain Elderly (greater than 75 years old) Lactation 			
Use in Pregnancy	ADEC Category A (safe to use)			
Dose and Route [*]	Drug Paracetamol 500mg/Codeine 30mg tablet	Route Oral – if patient is required to be fasted, medication to be taken with 30mL of water only	Weight 30-49kg ≥50kg	Dose1 tablet2 tablets
Administration	As above			
Dose Frequency [*]	Single dose			



Period of effect	This SSTP remains in effect until 28/03/2027		
	EDOC2025/79576	Adj Prof Christine Connors	28/03/2025
Chief Health Officer	Signature	Name	Date
Related Documents	ASH ED: Schedule Substance Treatment Protocols Medication Management CA and Barkly Region Procedure.DOCX		
Documentation (including necessary information to the patient)	 The administration must be documented on the medication section of the Emergency Department record It must be documented in the patient's notes "Paracetamol 500mg/Codeine 30mg tablet(s) has been given as per SSTP" 		
Health Professional Accreditation Requirements	A registered nurse who has a minimum of 12 months experience as a registered nurse, which includes a minimum of 6 months experience in an Emergency Department AND has documented completion of the Alice Springs Emergency Department Scheduled Substance Treatment Protocol authorisation education and training package and demonstrated competency.		
Monitoring requirements [*]	Pain score to be assessed and documented prior to administration and 30 minutes post. (Up to 10% of Caucasian population will not respond to codeine)		
	• Combination with other drugs that can lower BP or cause bradycardia may worsen these effects		
Drug Interactions [*]	• Use with other CNS depressants (e.g. other opioids, sedatives, tranquilizers, alcohol) may potentiate the effects of codeine, increasing the risk of respiratory depression, profound sedation or coma		

References: Australians Medicines Handbook July 2024

Scheduled Substance Treatment Protocol (SSTP)

Salbutamol 5mg Nebules for Asthma/Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Alice Springs Hospital Emergency Department SSTP

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Areas Applicable	Alice Springs Hospital ("ASH") Emergency Department			
Health Professionals authorised by this SSTP	A registered nurse who has a minimum of 12 months experience as a registered nurse, which includes a minimum of 6 months experience in an Emergency Department AND has documented completion of the required education package and demonstrated competency			
Scheduled Substance(s)	Salbutamol 5mg nebule			
Indication Contraindications and/or Exclusions [*]	This protocol applies to patients who are known asthmatics/COPD presenting to the ASH Emergency Department with signs of moderate asthma/COPD as shown below: Shortness of breath Tightness in chest Dyspnoea Reduced peak expiratory flow Reduced ability to speak sentences/phrases Wheeze Pulse rate >100 beats/minute Reduced oxygen saturation			
Use in Pregnancy	ADEC category A (Safe to use)			
Dose and Route [*]				
	Drug	Route	Age	Dose
	Salbutamol 5mg/2.5mL Nebules	Inhaled via a nebuliser. Administer with oxygen* for adult and child (flow rate 8 L/min)	>6yrs	5mg
	*Patients with COPD and known or suspected CO ₂ retention should be placed in a monitored environment for treatment and receive nebulisation via air as opposed to oxygen.			
Administration	Ensure nebuliser is positioned in upright position,			
Dose Frequency*	Single dose			



Drug Interactions*	 Administering other sympathomimetic amines (e.g. ephedrine, phenylephrine, pseudoephedrine) with salbutamol may result in excess sympathetic stimulation and sympathetic adverse effects (e.g. tremor, tachycardia, headache). Beta-blockers antagonise the therapeutic effects of salbutamol and may precipitate asthma. Theophylline can potentiate hypokalaemia induced by high doses of salbutamol; monitor patients with severe asthma closely for hypokalaemia. 			
Monitoring requirements [*]	 Notify a medical officer immediately if oxygen saturation is less than 92%. Assess Peak Expiratory Flow Rate (PEFR) pre- and post-dose and auscultate lung fields for adventitious sounds. 			
Health Professional Accreditation Requirements	A registered nurse who has a minimum of 12 months experience as a registered nurse, which includes a minimum of 6 months experience in an Emergency Department AND has documented completion of the Alice Springs Emergency Department Scheduled Substance Treatment Protocol authorisation education and training package and demonstrated competency.			
Documentation (including necessary information to the patient)	 The administration must be documented on the medication section of the Emergency Department record. It must be documented in the patient's notes "Salbutamol 5mg nebulised has been given as per SSTP" 			
Related Documents	ASH ED: Schedule Substance Treatment Protocols <u>Medication Management CA and Barkly Region Procedure.DOCX</u>			
Chief Health Officer	cer Signature Name Date			
	EDOC2025/79577	Adj Prof Christine Connors	28/03/2025	
Period of effect	This SSTP remains in effect until 28/03/2027 unless revoked earlier			

References: Australian Medicines Handbook July 2024